

**NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA SAMITI/ नवोदय विद्यालय समिति**  
**SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE/ विषय: सामाजिक शास्त्र**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION - 2022 / वार्षिक परीक्षा - २०२२**  
**CLASS VIII / कक्षा - आठवी**

समय -३ घंटे

अधिकतम अंक - ८०

**TIME – 3 HOURS**

**MAX MARKS - 80**

**General Instructions -**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. There are total 30 questions in the question paper.
3. Section 'A' has 8 main questions. Each main question has 5 sub-questions each.  
(8\*5=40 marks)
4. Section 'B' contains 8 questions. - (1 \* 8 = 08 marks)
5. Section 'A' contains 12 questions. - (2 \* 12 = 24 points)
6. Section 'D' contains 02 questions. - (4 \* 2 = 08 marks)

<b>Question 1</b>	<b>SECTION-A / खंड - अ</b>	<b>Mark /गुण (1*5=05)</b>
<b>1</b>	Who saw India as an uncivilized country? a. James Mill b. Willium Jones c. Tomas Mecauly d. Thomus Colbruk	
<b>2</b>	Which Voice roy of India partitioned the Bengal ? a. Willium Bentink b. Lord Karzon c. Warren Hesting d. Lord Wellesly	
<b>3</b>	Which of the following industry is known as "Sunrise Industry"? a. Iron and Steel b. Cotton Textile c. Information Technology d. None of these	
<b>4</b>	Which city is Known as Manchestar of Japan? a. Osaka b. Kyoto c. Tokyo d. Nishizin	
<b>5</b>	Which of this subject is kept in the union list? a. Currency b. Defense c. Foreign Affairs d. All of these	
<b>Question 2</b>		<b>Mark /गुण (1*5=05)</b>

<b>1</b>	Who was the Chairperson of the drafting committee of Samvidhan sabha (constituent Assemble).	
	a. Dr. Rajendra Prasad	b. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
	c. Vallabhbhai Patel	d. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
<b>2</b>	TATA Iron and Steel Company located in -	
	a. Jamshedpur	b. Kolkata
	c. Patna	d. None of these
<b>3</b>	Birsa was born in a family of _____ at Chota Nagpur of Jharkhand.	
	a. Munda	b. Santhal
	c. Aroyan	d. Gond
<b>4</b>	In 1999 the world population reached -	
	a. 1 Bollion	b. 3 Billion
	c. 6 Billion	d. None of these
<b>5</b>	The Worlds first tidal energy station was built in-	
	a. Japan`	b. China
	c. America	d. France
<b>Question 3</b>		
	<b>Mark / गुण (1*5=05)</b>	
<b>1</b>	EVM was first used through out the country in the General Election of-	
	A 2003	B 2004
	C 2005	D 2006
<b>2</b>	Silicon Vallay is Located in -	
	A Benguluru	B California
	C Ahmedabad	D Mumbai
<b>3</b>	Swamy Dayanand Saraswati in 1875 founded the -	
	A Budha Samaj	B Jain Samaj
	C Arya Samaj	D All of the Above
<b>4</b>	The Lower House of the Indian Parliament is known as-	
	A Legislative assembly	B Rajya Sabha
	C Council Of States	D Lok Sabha
<b>5</b>	Who established the Shanti Niketan?	
	A Revindranath Tagore	B Mahatma Gandhi
	C Dayanand Sarswati	D Vivekanand
<b>Question 4</b>		
	<b>Mark / गुण (1*5=05)</b>	
<b>1</b>	The word Chintz comes from the word .....	
	A Bandanna	B Chhint
	C Khassa	D Patola
<b>2</b>	India's textile exports declined in the ..... century.	
	A 18 <sup>th</sup>	B 19 <sup>th</sup>
	C 20 <sup>th</sup>	D 21 <sup>th</sup>
<b>3</b>	Parliament House was Designed by .....	

	A Herbert Becker	B Edwin Lutine	
	C William Moris	D Tomas Danial	
<b>4</b>	When was Indian National Congress established-		
	A 1885	B 1895	
	C 1929	D 1917	
<b>5</b>	The number of years that an average person can expect to live is called-		
	A Death expectancy	B Birth expectancy	
	C Life expectancy	D None of these	
<b>Question 5</b>			<b>Mark / गुण (1*5=05)</b>
	Match the following-		
	A. Williuam Jones	1. Promotion of English education	
	B. Ravindranath Tagore	2. Respect for ancient Culture.	
	C. Thomas Mecauly	3. Guru.	
	D. Mahatma Gandhi	4. Learning in a natural Environment.	
	E. Pathshala	5. Critic of English education.	
<b>Question 6</b>			<b>Mark / गुण (1*5=05)</b>
<b>1</b>	Who is 'Adivasi'?		
	A Who Lives in city	B Who lives in Village.	
	C Who generally lives in close association with forest.	D Who Lives in Forest Lands.	
<b>2</b>	Which of the following right is not a part of the right to life-		
	A Right to equality.	B Right of Freedom	
	C Right to information	D None of these.	
<b>3</b>	Which one of the following is a Natural fibre?		
	A Nylon	B Jute	
	C Acrylic	D None of these.	
<b>4</b>	Tipus sword was made of-----		
	A Iron and Steel	B Wootz Steel	
	C Brass	D Silver	
<b>5</b>	The British conquest of Bengal began with the Battle of-		
	A Buxar	B Plassey	
	C Panipat	D None of these.	
<b>Question 7</b>			<b>Mark / गुण (1*5=05)</b>
	Match the following-		
	a) Untouchability	i) Face to Face	
	b) Priest	ii) Work to earn money	
	c) Occupation	iii) Scavenging by hand	
	d) Confront	iv) temple	

	e) Manual Scavenging	v) Not touchable	
<b>Question 8</b>	<b>Write down True or false?</b>		<b>Mark / गुण (1*5=05)</b>
a)	The arms act was passed in 1875.		
b)	The second five year plan focused on the development of heavy industry.		
c)	The congress in the first twenty years of its formation was moderate.		
d)	James Mill was severe critic of the orientalist.		
e)	Ravindranath Tagore felt that Children ought to be subjected to strict discipline.		

## SECTION - B

<b>Question 9</b>	Who was the founder of Satya Shodhak Samaj ?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A Vivekanand	B Jyotirao Phule	
	C Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar	D Mahadev Ranade	
<b>Question 10</b>	When was Human resource Development Ministry established?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A 1985	B 1951	
	C 2001	D 1990	
<b>Question 11</b>	Where does the government arrange money for public amenities?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A From Public Tax	B From Foreign Companies	<b>Mark-01</b>
	C National Companies	D from Banks	
<b>Question 12</b>	According to what right religious and lingual minority can protect their culture?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A Right to equality	B Right to freedom	<b>Mark-01</b>
	C Right against exploitation	D Culture and education Right	
<b>Question 13</b>	Patola was not woven in?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A Ahemadabad	B Sabarmati	
	C Surat	D Patna	
<b>Question 14</b>	Haidar Ali and Tipu Sultan were the rulers of-		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A Mysore	B Bengluru	
	C Gwalior	D None of these	
<b>Question 15</b>	In which year's slogan 'Do or Die' was given?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A 1921	B 1929	
	C 1940	D 1942	
<b>Question 16</b>	Where supreme court of India is situated?		<b>Mark-01</b>
	A New Delhi	B Mumbai	
	C Chennai	D kolkata	

## SECTION – C

<b>Question 17</b>	What is meant by Population Composition?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 18</b>	How did Last Mughal emperor Bahadurshah Zafar spend his last time?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 19</b>	How can minerals be conserved?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 20</b>	List two different provisions in the 1989 Scheduled caste and scheduled Tribes(Prevention of Atrocities)Act.	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 21</b>	Write short note on any two: 1) Jyotirao Phule 2) Dayanand Saraswati 3) Ishawar Chandra Vidyasagar	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 22</b>	What is Constitution? Why do we require it?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 23</b>	Why attracted European companies to India?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 24</b>	State a few qualities of Rani Laxmibai.	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 25</b>	How does man use his environment?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 27</b>	If you were a member of Parliament (MP) list any two questions that you would like to ask?	<b>Mark-02</b>
<b>Question 28</b>	Interfere if some religious groups say that their religion permit them to practice in fancide. Give reason.	<b>Mark-02</b>

## SECTION – D

<b>Question 29</b>	Why do you understand by minorities? How does the constitution safeguard them?	<b>Mark-04</b>
<b>Question 30</b>	1)In the given political map of India show the following – a) Baiga Tribe b) Jallian wala Bagh	<b>Mark-02</b>
	(2)In the given political map of World show the following- a) California b) Sahara Desert	<b>Mark-02</b>



